

"It Seems Like The Whole Population Is

Killed"

An Interim Report on the June 18th, 2022 Amhara

Massacre in the Tole Kebele, Gimbi Woreda, West Wollega

Zone of Ethiopia's Oromia Region by Oromo Liberation

Army (OLA) militants

Cloud visualisation of some of the names of victims



JULY 3, 2022

Overview:

The Amhara Association of America (AAA) has verified from interviews with several eyewitnesses and victims' families that on June 18, 2022 at least 554 Amhara civilians were killed, an additional 40 were injured and hundreds more went missed when Oromo Liberation Army (OLA) militants numbering in the thousands attacked 10 villages in Tole Kebele (ward) of Gimbi Woreda (district) of West Wollega Zone in Ethiopia's Oromia Region. Local ethnic Oromo residents also collaborated in the attack, including in guiding OLA forces, executing wounded survivors, and looting and destruction of property including grains, farm animals and houses. AAA has thus far identified 455 victims by name, gender and residence. Many of the victims came from vulnerable populations including women, children and the elderly. The oldest victim was in fact over 100-years-old while the youngest known victim was a 15-day-old infant.

The targets of the massacre were ethnic Amharas only. The massacre in most villages lasted 7 hours from morning (8:30 a.m. local time) to the mid-afternoon (3:30 p.m. local time) while some villages such as Begene and Karakore saw extended hours of mass killing that lasted until 5:00 p.m. local time.

Perpetrators used heavy machineguns and shot victims but, in some cases, used machetes to execute survivors. And at least 13 people were killed by being burned alive. In at least two cases, pregnant women had their wombs cut open with a knife at which point, the assailants cut out the fetuses which they would chop into pieces with the victim watching and finally, slitting her throat. There were also several incidences of mass executions. In one case, over 55 people including 53 women and children were mass executed in a forest located in Chefie village. In a similar case, 14 women and children were shot to death in a vacant home located in Silsaw village. There was also a mass execution of 48 people (mostly women and children) who were killed all at once on the property of a site of worship known as Jafar Mosque located in Silsaw village. In many cases, entire families were killed at once, sometimes including over 10 members of a single family. Many of the victims were buried in mass graves located in the same place they were killed. In addition to physical injuries, many properties and residential homes were entirely burned down and completely looted leaving nothing of value behind.

The massacre took place over 10 villages in Tole Kebele which resulted in 554 confirmed deaths. The number of deceased victims are listed below across villages:

- No. Village Number of confirmed dead
- 1 Silsaw 164
- 2 Chekorsa 106
- 3 Begene 93
- 4 Assosa Sefer 26
- 5 Gutin Sefer 40
- 6 Karakore 36
- 7 Sene 51
- 8 Hayaw 19
- 9 Oromo Shewa 14
- 10 Tole 5
 - Total 554

The Perpetrators

According to eyewitnesses, the large-scale massacre was primarily perpetrated by OLA militants with collaboration from local ethnic Oromo residents. According to one witness the heavily armed OLA militias and local Oromo residents flooded all ten villages at once within minutes. The attackers split up into groups for each village and the operation began in a highly coordinated manner. The local Oromo residents coordinated with OLA militias in guiding them, helping to locate hiding points, and looting properties such as shop materials, and farm animals. The local Oromo collaborators also took machete and intermittently

knives to finish off victims who appeared to survive the gunshot wounds. One source spoke about participation of the locals saying *"Those we were living together with them in peace times had attacked us."* The assailants did not spare anyone from 15-day-old infant Nuredin Mohammed from Silsaw village to 100-year-old Aba Hajji Hussein from Chekorsa village. Multiple sources have heard OLA militia calling for indiscriminate killing of Amharas.

For instance, one source who saved himself by climbing and siting in a tree, heard the militias taking to each other saying "do not spare anyone. Kill whosoever saw you and you saw." in Oromiffa language. He described the militants' appearance as follows:

"They possessed heavy arms including light machineguns, heavy machineguns, snipers, [rocket] launcher, and infrequently [automatic] rifles. They spoke to each other in the Oromiffa language [language spoken by Oromo people]. Their hair was usually either drilled or plaited. Their manner of dress was as follows: most wore full uniforms but some wore partial uniforms. Their uniforms included the old ENDF [Ethiopian National Defense Force] uniform, the current uniform of the Oromia Special Police (Oromo Special Forces; OSF), and other uniforms I could not identify. Their shoes; most had military shoes and some had on police shoes. They were many in number, too many to count. They flooded the villages at once."

Methods of killing

According to eyewitnesses the assailants employed cruel methods of killing which they describe as follows. One witness said "*I tried to look into at least a hundred dead bodies*. *The victims were shot twice with heavy guns, one in the head that completely blew up victims' heads and the second shot was somewhere in the victims' groin, back or waist.*" He adds at least 12 people including 6 who came from a single family were burned alive in a hut in Gutin Sefer. In another case, at least two pregnant women he did not know by name from Hayaw Sefer were killed in an unimaginably cruel manner: the assailants first

cut open the victims' wombs, and then extracted the fetuses out and chopped it into pieces while the mothers were alive, watching, according to the witness and finally, they slit the women's throats with a knife, killing them. Another witness from Silsaw village (whose 7-months-pregnant wife, Toyba Nura was killed) told AAA that he observed the aftermath of the attack including his wife's womb cut open, the fetus stabbed, the mother's throat slit open and shot on sight. He adds *"I personally buried four pregnant women killed with their fetus in such a manner in Silsaw village alone"*.

"It seems like the whole populations is killed": Deadliest Reported Massacre from Western Wollega in recent years.

With at least 554 Amharas massacred, the Tole massacre is among the deadliest reported from Western Wollega in recent years. One survivor who survived by hiding in a forest told AAA: "every bush, forest, farm, street, or home was filled with dead bodies. Most of those killed were women and children because at that time the men were outside of the villages for farming activities." Another witness who lost eight family members told AAA:

"This attack has been particularly tragic. They [OLA and the local Oromo residents] encircled our villages from all sides. They attacked the villages for eight hours long. I witnessed two farmers (He named Ahmed Ali and Ahmed Sherif) shot with heavy guns from a distance. My family members including six others were executed with pointblank gunshots in a vacant room. Then their bodies were mutilated with machetes. 12 people were charred to death inside a hut in Gutin Sefer. 55 people who were taken from Silsaw village were found dead at once at a forest located in Chefie village. Only 2 were adult men while the remaining 53 were women and children. 48 others were also shot dead at the yard of Jafar Moseque located in Silsaw Village. It is the local people (Oromo vigilant youths) who were showing ways to the OLA militias,

finished suspected gunshot survivors with machetes, and looted and destroyed properties. I myself know 31 people who were killed from a single family of Ahmed Yesuf. Another guy I cannot name right at this moment also lost 12 family members. All 7 family members of Ahmed Sherif (the one he saw shot) were killed altogether. We thus far have buried 450 dead bodies all across the villages."

Another surviving resident of Silsaw village who was organizing the burial and collection of dead bodies told AAA:

"We buried 450 bodies. But there were some who remained unburied. And the body of one victim, Emama Mutie from Gutin Sefer, was eaten by wild beasts. In a forest located in Chefie village (in which 53 people were executed en mass) we buried 55 dead bodies only a few of whom were adult men. Almost all were women and children. In Silsaw Sefer we mass buried 63 dead bodies (including 48 who were executed at Jafer Moseque) in a single hole. There are also three mass graves near the mosque where we buried 14, 11 and 2 dead bodies, respectively. In Gutin Sefere, we collected remains of the 12 people who were burnt inside a hut, and we buried them there. The remaining 28 dead bodies from the same village were buried in three sites in the village. In Begene village we did not finish collection and burial. We buried 71 dead bodies in a mass grave site and 11 others somewhere in the village. We have also buried and counted dead bodies numerically, including 17 in Karakore, 14 in Oromo Shewa, 16 in Hayaw, and 77 in Seni and Assosa Sefer villages."

Other witnesses shared estimated well beyond the above figure. One resident of Chekorsa Sefer captured the scene when he said "*almost the whole population is left dead*. Only a few of us survived. Believe me thousands were killed. We're tired of collecting and burying *corpses.*" Ahmed Hassan who lost his two sisters and participated in collecting the dead bodies also said "*It seems like the whole populations is killed.*"

Many family members lost several family members. For instance, AAA has verified from him and other sources that Sheikh Mohammed Ali lost his eight family members in the massacre. According to him, the OLA militias surrounded the whole Tole Kebele in the morning (2:00 a.m. local time). At the moment he was working on his farmland, the women and children of the family were at home. He had taken to hiding in a nearby forest. He told his eight family members, who were at home in the Silsaw village, to flee and hide. Then his family members and his six other neighbors took to hiding inside a vacant house in the village nearest to the main road. But they could not be saved. All 14 people who were inside the house were executed with automatic heavy gunfire leaving no survivors. After the gunshots, local Oromo youth finished off the injured victims who had a chance of survival with machete attacks. The executed family members of Sheikh Mohamed include his wife, Kokebie Muhie (aged 48), his four daughters, Toyba Mohammed (aged 23), Hikma Mohammed (aged 5), Saada Mohammed (aged 15), Hayat Mohammed (aged 8), his son, Khalid Mohammed (aged 12), his daughter-in-law, Fatima Nuru (aged 28), and his grandchild Fatima Seyd (aged 4-months-old). He is now left with only two surviving children. Among his six neighbors who were killed alongside his family members include Demeku Idris, her two little children and Ansha Mohammed. In addition, 45-year-old Ahmed Seyd was shot dead just outside of the house while the 14 other soon-to-be victims were hiding. Sheikh Mohammed also saw other farmers such as Ahmed Ali (aged 38) and Ahmed Sherif (aged 45) whose family members were all killed, shot to death with heavy guns from a distance. These witness accounts were also confirmed by other AAA sources such as Ahmed Abdella and Ahmed Jemal.

The mass-execution of 55 Amharas at a forest located in Cheffie village: One witness who participated in the burial process of all the victims told AAA that more than 55 Amharas (53 were women and children) were executed with heavy gunfire in a forest located in Cheffie village. According to witnesses, the assailants forcibly took the victims from various villages to the execution site. After gathering them, the assailants executed all 53 Amharas in six rounds of gunfire. One of the hardest-hit families, Sheikh Abdu Hassen's family from Begene village lost 12 members including his daughters; Kedija Abdu with her two children, Toyba Abdu and her child and four others, and his daughter-in-law Lubaba Ahmed with her three children. Among other victims of this mass execution, Ansha Seyd (aged 25) a mother of 15-day-old baby; Asia Yesuf (aged 40) with her four children, Salih Ahmed (aged 7), Juhar Ahmed (aged 5), Serdes Ahmed (aged 3) and a 1-year-old baby; Aminat Seyd (aged 45) with her three children, Ahmedin Seyd (aged 9), Kasim Seyd (aged 6) and Muktar Seyd (aged 4). Other victims were Ansha Abdu (age 1), Hayat Ali (aged 2), Mohammed Ahmed (aged 3) and Semira Mohammed (aged 4) and Zebura Omer (aged 4). One source who was part of the burial of these bodies described the execution as cruel:

"The bodies looked like natural spring holes, not like a human body. I saw the victim's skulls including children totally blown off; from each body blood continuously came out and collectively formed a river-like flow."

According to these witnesses 53 of the dead bodies were buried in a mass grave located in the same forest they were executed.

According to the witnesses a few people miraculously survived from this mass execution because the assailants believed they had killed everyone. Most of the survivors were children including 10-year-old Mohammed Jemal and 15-day-old infant of Ansha Seyd. Such children were saved because their mothers were falling over them. The 15-day-old infant had spent two days with the dead bodies of her mother and others and witnesses found the infant weak after 2 days of rainfall, cold and hunger.

Ahmed Sherif's entire family killed. According to AAA's sources this family is one of the hardest-hit families and is exterminated without a survivor for storytelling. Sheikh Mohammed told AAA that he saw Ahmed Sherif (aged 45) shot and fell during the heavy gunfire from a distance while he was working on his plot of land. Ahmed Jemal adds in

addition to the gunshot on his back, the victim's throat was found slit open with a knife. His wife Fatim Kemal (aged 30) and his five children including Jemila Ahmed (aged 14), Kedir Ahmed (7) and two other little children were at home in Chekorsa village. The assailants dragged them all out from their home and took them to a forest in Cheffie village where they were executed with gunshots along with 47 others. They were buried in a mass grave site with the other victims of the mass execution in the same forest in Cheffie village.

Mass-execution of 48 Amharas at the yard of Jafar Mosque: AAA has also verified from several eyewitnesses that 48 Amharas predominantly women and children fled the attack to Jafar Mosque. The victims went to the mosque hoping the assailants would have respect for the sacred place and spare them. But they were all indiscriminately shot to death with heavy gunfire which left no survivors. 31 of the victims of this mass execution were relatives of Mohammed Yesuf including 22 immediate family members and nine other relatives. One witness described the unspeakable horror of his time telling AAA the following:

"At the moment I with others arrived at the mosque (Jafar Mosque), we saw a large number of people reaped off like cereal. It was hard to speak. They (OLA) executed them with heavy gunfire in procession. The dead bodies were spread across the yard of the mosque with some forming lines, most laid one over the other, a child over a woman and a woman over a child. Most of the victims' heads including those of children were seen scarred. I noticed there were a few adult men alone. The majority of those killed there were women and children. No one survived, all were found dead."

All 48 victims were buried in a mass grave located in the same mosque with 15 others collected from all around. All 31 family members of Mohammed Yesuf were murdered including 22 family members and nine other extended family members.

13 Amharas charred to death inside huts in Gutin Sefer and Silsaw villages: AAA has verified from multiple sources that 12 civilians including three children who were hid-

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ing in a hut in Gutin village were deliberately burnt to death by the assailants. While the victims were inside the hut the militants arrived and surrounded the hut. They then set fire to the hut while the victims inside were crying to be spared. All were burned with the hut. The victims who were charred to death included Leyla Aminu who was six months pregnant and her 6-year-old daughter Sofia Seyd; Ansha Nuru who was nine months pregnant with her 3-year-old son and her brother's 6-year-old daughter; Nurit Yasin, a mother of two, Sheikh Mohammed Ahmed with his five other family members; his wife Aminat Yimam, his daughter Zemzem Mohammed, his daughter Rabia Mohammed, and his other mentally ill-daughter (name unknown), and his grandson Kasim Itefa (Zemzem's son). Remains of their bodies that were consumed by the fire were buried in a mass grave in the same place they were burned. In a similar method of killing, a source told AAA that the OLA militants dragged a 40-year-old mother; Ansha Ibrahim Yimer into a hut located in Silsaw village, and then set fire to it causing the hut to burn down while she was inside the hut.





Figure 1: Photographs of charred remains of 12 victims from Gutin Sefer.

Several hard-hit families: 6 members of Jemal Nuru's family: his wife Mumina Ibrahim, his sons Bilal Jemal (aged 4), Hamza Jemal (aged 6), and Kelsuma Jemal (aged 11), his sisters-in-law, Zehara Mohammed and Bereka Ibrahim (aged 8) were killed along with 55 other victims in a mass-execution in Cheffie village. Four members of Ahmed Mohammed's family, his wives Amo Seyd and Amo Hussein, his children Seyd Mohammed (aged 10) and Merema Mohammed (aged 5) were killed in the yard of Jafar Mosque. Three members of Hassen Indris's family, his daughters, Halimet Hassan and her 1-year-old infant Abidet Awol, and Zenebey Hassan were killed along with 55 victims in Cheffie village. Four members of Mohammed's family, the mother Kedija Mohammed, and her children Ali Hussein (aged 10), Mohammed Hussein (aged 8), and Abdu Hussein (aged 16) were executed at their home in Begene village. Four members of Abdu's family, Mohammed Abdu, Kedija Abdu with her children Indris Areb (aged 8) and Firdes Areb (aged 2) where shot to death while fleeing the attack at the bank of a flowing river in Begene village. Four members of Ismail Nuru's family, his 8-months-pregnant wife Kewonya Seyd, his 2-year-old twin sons Asma Nuru and Omer Nuru, and his other son Ali Nuru (aged 11) were shot with machinegun bullets after dragging them out of their home.

Widespread Property Destruction and Looting

The violence also involved extensive property looting and destruction of properties, businesses, farm animals, homes and valuable goods and assets. As a result, the survivors of the massacre are also facing serious problems such as food shortage and lack of shelter. They are appealing for urgent humanitarian relief. One resident of Tole Kebele who had his property completely destroyed/looted describes their dire situation as follows:

"Those of us who survived the OLA's bullets are about to die from hunger. The infants are especially suffering, they are weak from hunger. We are living in bushes and forests because they destroyed our homes. But no one has come here to visit us, let alone help. We feel alien to this country. In the summer, we are facing intense cold at night and heat during the day."

Another AAA source told AAA that everything was damaged. People whose houses were burned down are forced to seek shelter in veranda and makeshift shelters. Although his house was not destroyed, everything in it was stolen. All of his property was completely destroyed or stolen including his shop which contained an inventory worth 300,000 ETB, his 3 sheep, 50,000 ETB in cash, and various other valuable possessions including his house were either destroyed or looted by the OLA militants and their collaborators. The OLA militias focused on cash while local Oromo collaborators looted property including animals and anything valuable.

State negligence and complicity

According to AAA's sources, the massacre was enabled, sanctioned, and supported by regional and federal government authorities. Firstly, the local government militia who were guarding the area left the area a few days before the attack, effectively inviting OLA militants to come and attack unchallenged. One source informed AAA that the Gimbi Woreda Administration (which also covers Tole Kebele) were informed that OLA militias had been approaching the kebele. In response, the woreda administration relocated stationed security forces to Dedesa camp leaving the Amhara residents defenseless. There were also concerning details which suggest conflict of interest and possible coordination between officials and OLA. For example, the Kebele Administrator, Nigatu Ometas's son, Gemechu Ometa is an OLA member. Abebe Wakoya, brother of the Kebele's security head, Kidanu Wakoya is also an OLA member. These individuals including the Chief of Oromia state militia in Tole Kebele left the area three days before the massacre. Second, on the day of the attack, telecommunications, internet and phone coverage in the area was shut down (note the national telecommunications service provider, Ethio Telecom is owned and operated by the state), effectively denying victims any opportunity to alert the world about their plight.

Thirdly, federal (national defense forces) and regional (Oromia Special Forces) forces were not deployed throughout the 9-hour long attack but returned to the area after the killings and threatened survivors not to record the burial process and the mass graves because it could potentially incite outrage against the government.

This recent massacre by the OLA is occurring in parallel to the massive crackdown dubbed "law enforcement operation" against Amharas by Prime Minister Abiy Ahmed, his Oromo Prosperity Party (OPP), and the Amhara Regional Government [Amhara Prosperity Party (APP)] where the government admitted to the arrest of over 12,000 Amharas since mid-May 2022. Those arrested include over 20 journalists, 62 opposition political party members, lawyers, university professors, and current/ex-government officials who were critical of the Abiy administration and well known to oppose the recurrent massacres against Amharas. In several instances, family members of targets were also abducted to lure out the targets. Over 30 peaceful protesters were killed by security forces in May 2022 during the crackdown. Outraged by the recurrent massacres and crackdown on dissenting voice. The Amhara community and Ethiopians at large are demanding Prime Minister Abiy Ahmed to resign and independent international investigations be undertaken into the ongoing state-sanctioned Amhara genocide.



(a) Leyla Aminu (deceased) who was murdered alongside her daughter



(b) The late LeylaAminu's deceaseddaughter, 4-year-oldSofia Seyd



(d) Mohammed Indris (deceased)



(e) Mohamed Hussein and Misbah Hussein, 6 and 4-years-old respectively (both deceased)



(g) 11-month-old Imran Dawid (deceased)

Figure 2: Photographs of victims killed in the June 18, 2022 massacre in Tole Kebele (Gimbi Woreda, West Wollega Zone, Oromia Region, Ethiopia).



(c) 14-year-old Hayat Awol (deceased)



(f) 4-month-old Hayat Seyd (deceased)







(b)

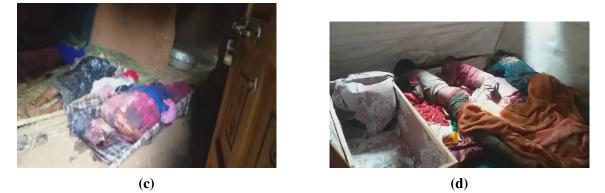


Figure 3: Photographs of victims mass executed in Jafar Mosque on June 18th, 2022 massacre in Tole Kebele (Gimbi Woreda, West Wollega Zone, Oromia Region, Ethiopia).



(a) Photograph of bodies belonging to members of a single family who were killed in the massacre. Names of the victims were as follows: Seyd Dawid (aged 11) (left), Sheikh Dawid Indris (middle), Mohammed Dawid (right).



(b) Photograph of residents burying victims in a mass grave.



(c) A mass grave site located on the property of Jafar Mosque containing 63 bodies.

Below is a list of 455 of the deceased victims identified in the massacre of June 18, 2022 in Tole Kebele (Gimbi Woreda, West Wollega Zone, Oromia Region, Ethiopia).

No	Name of deceased victim	Sex	Age	Village
1	Zenebech Hassen	М	20	Begene
2	Halimet Hassen	М	18	Begene
3	Kedija Mohammed	F	25	Begene
4	Aliy Hussein	М	10	Begene
5	Mohammed Hussein	М	8	Begene
6	Abdu Hussein	М	6	Begene
7	Mohammed Abdu	М	20	Begene
8	Kedija Abdu	F	24	Begene
9	Indris Arebu	М	8	Begene
10	Firdaos Arebu	М	2	Begene
11	Nurye Seyd	М	16	Begene
12	Sheikh Seyd Hamza	М	53	Begene
13	Muhie Abdu	М	60	Begene
14	Ehnew Yasin	М	28	Begene
15	Seyd Abrie	М	35	Begene
16	Sheikh Indris Hussein	М	40	Begene
17	Muhie Damtew	М	65	Begene
18	Seyd Muhie Jawi	М	70	Begene
19	Sheikh Abdu Siraj	М	40	Begene
20	Abdel Haziz	М	18	Begene
21	Zeyneba Seyd	F	35	Begene
22	Ansha Ali	F	2	Begene
23	Zinet Mohammed	F	5	Begene
24	Emebet Abdu	F	50	Begene

25	Idris Muhie	М	10	Begene
26	Toyba Sheikh Ali	F	22	Begene
27	Hussein Yimam	М	80	Begene
28	Mohammed Hussein Mahmud	М	35	Begene
29	Ahmed Seyd	М	54	Silsaw
30	Sheikh Mekin	М	53	Silsaw
31	Abdu Seyd	М	50	Silsaw
32	Ibrahim Abdu	М	28	Silsaw
33	Sheikh Dawid Indris	М	40	Silsaw
34	Sheikh Abdul Menan	М	21	Silsaw
35	Kedija Abdu	F	25	Silsaw
36	Fatima Yesuf	F	3	Silsaw
37	Asya Yimam	F	43	Silsaw
38	Lubaba Muhammed	F	5	Silsaw
39	Muhammed Hussein	М	15	Silsaw
40	Amushet	F		Silsaw
41	Mohammed Abdu	М	60	Chekorsa
42	Abdu Ibrahim	М	30	Chekorsa
43	Amete Muhammed	F	38	Chekorsa
44	Aminat Mohammed	F	25	Chekorsa
45	Zuber Mohamed	F	5	Chekorsa
46	Saada Mohammed	F	26	Chekorsa
47	Ibrahim Seyd	М	5	Chekorsa
48	Ahmed Mohammed	F	6	Chekorsa
49	Semir Mohammed	F	45	Chekorsa
50	Zebedir Mohammed	F	20	Chekorsa
51	Aminat Mohammed	F	30	Chekorsa

52	Seyd Mohammed	М	13	Chekorsa
53	Ali Nuru	М	12	Chekorsa
54	Omer Nuru	М	3	Chekorsa
55	Saada Nuru	F	3	Chekorsa
56	Kewnya Seyd	F	35	Chekorsa
57	Toyba Mohammed	F	30	Chekorsa
58	Kedija Ismail	F	25	Chekorsa
59	Fetiha Ibrahim	F	8	Chekorsa
60	Fatitu Ismail	F	12	Chekorsa
61	Abubeker Ismail	М	1	Chekorsa
62	Abdu Osman	М	45	Chekorsa
63	Mubarek Mohammed	М	5	Chekorsa
64	Saada Mohammed	F	35	Chekorsa
65	Kemeriya Ali	F	8	Chekorsa
66	Erukiya Ali	F	5	Chekorsa
67	Kewonya Seyd	F	30	Chekorsa
68	Mohammed Abdu	М	1	Chekorsa
69	Fatima Seyd	F	30	Chekorsa
70	Hawa Nuru	F	12	Chekorsa
71	Adem Nuru	М	6	Chekorsa
72	Rehamet Nuru	F	4	Chekorsa
73	Hayat Awol	F	13	Chekorsa
74	Aziza Hussein	F	6 months	Chekorsa
75	Mohammed Hassen	М	60	Chekorsa
76	Abdu Mohammed	М	40	Chekorsa
77	Asia Mohammed	F	35	Chekorsa
78	Omer Hussein	М	30	Chekorsa

79	Zebura Omer	F	5	Chekorsa
80	Mohammed Omer	М	6 months	Chekorsa
81	Lubaba Hussein	F	30	Chekorsa
82	Hawa Ahmed	F	25	Chekorsa
83	Sofia Hassen	F	13	Chekorsa
84	Lubaba Tolha	F	40	Chekorsa
85	Ahmed Woly	М	60	Chekorsa
86	Zebura Hassen	F	4	Chekorsa
87	Hulesa Yesuf	F	1	Chekorsa
88	Adem Mohammed	М	45	Chekorsa
89	Aba Haji Hussein	М	100	Chekorsa
90	Abebech Seyd	F	20	Chekorsa
91	Abdu Ibrahim	М	65	Chekorsa
92	Suleiman Hassen	М	5	Chekorsa
93	Abdu Hassen	М	2	Chekorsa
94	Ahmed Sherif	Μ	65	Chekorsa
95	Fatim Kemal	F	65	Chekorsa
96	Jemal Ahmed	Μ	14	Chekorsa
97	Halima Ahmed	F	9	Chekorsa
98	Fetiha Ahmed	F	7	Chekorsa
99	Kedir Ahmed	М	5	Chekorsa
100	Mohammed Ahmed	М	6 months	Chekorsa
101	Kemal Nuru	М	45	Chekorsa
102	Indris Seyd	М	9	Chekorsa
103	Mohammed Suleiman	М	6	Chekorsa
104	Ahmed Suleiman	Μ	4	Chekorsa
105	Fatima Seyd	F	40	Chekorsa

106	Ania Seyd	F	4	Chekorsa
107	Kalid Idris	М	5	Chekorsa
108	Alif Yimam	F	45	Chekorsa
109	Asia Hussein	F	14	Chekorsa
110	Neima Nuru	F	3	Chekorsa
111	Rihama Shehu	F	45	Chekorsa
112	Toyba Abrie	F	25	Chekorsa
113	Jemal Abdu	М	15	Chekorsa
114	Mohammed Hussein	М	6	Chekorsa
115	Misbah Hussein	F	3	Chekorsa
116	Halima Nuru	F	20	Chekorsa
117	Zehara Nuru	F	20	Chekorsa
118	Juhar Ibrahim	М	3	Chekorsa
119	Abdu Ibrahim	М	50	Chekorsa
120	Amo Eshet	F	78	Chekorsa
121	Bilal Ali	М	14	Chekorsa
122	Toyba Ali	F	6	Chekorsa
123	Hayat Ali	F	3	Chekorsa
124	Leyla Aminu	F	20	Chekorsa
125	Sofya Seyd	F	4	Chekorsa
126	Toyba Mohammed	F	24	Chekorsa
127	Halima Seyd	F	6 month	Chekorsa
128	Merima Hussein	F	30	Chekorsa
129	Bilal Dawid	М	1	Chekorsa
130	Halima Nuru	F	25	Chekorsa
131	Rihama Abdela	F	40	Chekorsa
132	Jemal Abdu	М	9	Chekorsa

133	Halima Saduk	F	78	Chekorsa
134	Abdu Jemal	М	1 month	Chekorsa
135	Semira Yesuf	М	4	Chekorsa
136	Abdu Ibrahim	М	28	Chekorsa
137	Abiy Mohammed	М	5	Chekorsa
138	Ibrahim Seyd	М	8	Chekorsa
139	Kedija Mohammed	F	10	Chekorsa
140	Merima Seyd	F	25	Chekorsa
141	Mubark Hussein	М	5	Chekorsa
142	Ali Hussein	М	8 months	Chekorsa
143	Ansha Seyd	F	25	Silsaw
144	Asiya Nuru	F	19	Silsaw
145	Ibrahim Abdu	М	28	Silsaw
146	Asia Yesuf	F	40	Silsaw
147	Sualih Ahmed	М	7	Silsaw
148	Sirdes Ahmed	F	3	Silsaw
149	Aminat Seyd	F	45	Silsaw
150	Amu Hussein	F	48	Silsaw
151	Asiya Yimam	F	33	Silsaw
152	Lubaba Muhammed	F	16	Silsaw
153	Yasin Mohammed	М	5	Silsaw
154	Semira Mohammed	F	4	Silsaw
155	Lubaba Muhammed	F	40	Silsaw
156	Sofia Hussein	F	17	Silsaw
157	Zeyneba Hussein	F	12	Silsaw
158	Suleiman Hussein	М	8	Silsaw
159	Ibrahim Hussein	М	6	Silsaw

160	Hawa Adem	F	8	Silsaw
161	Zulika Yesuf	F	5	Silsaw
162	Yasin Mohammed	М	12	Silsaw
163	Aminat Sami	F	30	Silsaw
164	Toyba Ali	F	5	Silsaw
165	Hayat Ali	F	2	Silsaw
166	Ansha Yimam	F	27	Silsaw
167	Ansha Hussein	F	20	Silsaw
168	Zebura Abdu	F	7	Silsaw
169	Lubaba Tolha	F	33	Silsaw
170	Abdu Idris	М	6	Silsaw
171	Aminat Kemal	F	32	Silsaw
172	Fetiha Ahmed	F	6	Silsaw
173	Mohamed Ahmed	М	3	Silsaw
174	Jemal Abdu	М	6	Chekorsa
175	Mohammed Hussein	М	4	Chekorsa
176	Misbah Hussein	М	12	Silsaw
177	Ansha Yimam	F	37	Silsaw
178	Ansha Hussein	F	30	Silsaw
179	Semira Nuru	F	7	Silsaw
180	Fatima Ibrahim	F	13	Silsaw
181	Kewlat Seyd	F	9	Silsaw
182	Mohammed Suleiman	М	11	Silsaw
183	Mubarek Suleiman	М	9	Silsaw
184	Indris Seyd	М	5	Silsaw
185	Mohammed Hussein	М	13	Silsaw
186	Kedija Awol	F	38	Silsaw

187	Ansha Abdu	F	1	Silsaw
188	Ali Yimam	М		Tole
189	Hussein Kemal	М		Tole
190	Fatima Seyd	F		Tole
191	Sheikh Ahmed Mohammed	М	75	Gutin Sefer
192	Kasim Ahmed	М	7	Gutin Sefer
193	Ali Ahmed	М	50	Gutin Sefer
194	Kedir Nuru	М	4	Gutin Sefer
195	Ahmed Ali	М	30	Gutin Sefer
196	Ahmed Yimam	М	25	Gutin Sefer
197	Mohammed Indris	М	20	Gutin Sefer
198	Mohammed Jemal	М	16	Gutin Sefer
199	Indris Nuru	М	14	Gutin Sefer
200	Yasin Ahmed	М	60	Gutin Sefer
201	Mohammed Awol	М	25	Gutin Sefer
202	Hussein Kemal	М	75	Gutin Sefer
203	Kadir Itefa	М	30	Gutin Sefer
204	Sheikh Mohammed Kassa	М	70	Gutin Sefer
205	Ali Yimam	М	30	Gutin Sefer
206	Hussein Mohammed	М	60	Gutin Sefer
207	Yimam Indris	М	40	Gutin Sefer
208	Adem Yimer	М	70	Gutin Sefer
209	Amina Yimam	F	70	Gutin Sefer
210	Kedija Nuru	F	20	Gutin Sefer
211	Rabia Ahmed	F	20	Gutin Sefer
212	Zemzem Ahmed	F	30	Gutin Sefer
213	Fatu Ahmed	F	60	Gutin Sefer

214	Nurit Yasin	F	27	Gutin Sefer
215	Fato Seyd	F	20	Gutin Sefer
216	Fato Habib	F	50	Gutin Sefer
217	Amo Indris	F	15	Gutin Sefer
218	Halima Hassan	F	35	Gutin Sefer
219	Halima Hayder	F	30	Gutin Sefer
220	Meyrema Indris	F	28	Gutin Sefer
221	Hayat Shambel	F	7	Gutin Sefer
222	Jemila Admasu	F	4	Gutin Sefer
223	Fatima Nuru	F	45	Gutin Sefer
224	Aminat Nuru	F	26	Gutin Sefer
225	Aminat Indris	F		Gutin Sefer
226	Kassim Itefa	М		Gutin Sefer
227	Ansha Nuru	F		Gutin Sefer
228	Amo Hussein Seyd	F	43	Silsaw
229	Asia Yimam	F	30	Silsaw
230	Lubaba Muhammed	F	45	Silsaw
231	Asia Nuru	F	17	Silsaw
232	Demeku Indris	F	45	Silsaw
233	Kedija Awol	F	32	Silsaw
234	Saada Hussien	F	25	Silsaw
235	Asha Abdu	F	1	Silsaw
236	Asha Seyd	F	35	Silsaw
237	Asha Seyd Tahir	F	25	Silsaw
238	Kasim Abdu	F	5	Silsaw
239	Ahmed Seyd	М	48	Silsaw
240	Ahmed Abdu	М	7	Silsaw

241	Yasin Mohammed	М	10	Silsaw
242	Kedija Idris	F	25	Silsaw
243	Semira Mohammed	F	1	Silsaw
244	Mohammed Hassan	М	10	Silsaw
245	Fatima Nuru	F	20	Silsaw
246	Nuru Jemal	Μ	6	Silsaw
247	Kokebie Muhie	F	35	Silsaw
248	Saada Mohammed	F	10	Silsaw
249	Khalid Mohammed	М	9	Silsaw
250	Hikma Mohammed	F	2	Silsaw
251	Hayat Mohammed	F	8	Silsaw
252	Ansha Yesuf	F	25	Silsaw
253	Sualih Ahmed	М	9	Silsaw
254	Juhar Ahmed	Μ	5	Silsaw
255	Sirdef Ahmed	F	2	Silsaw
256	Marif Mohammed	F	6 months	Silsaw
257	Amu Seyd	F	30	Silsaw
258	Ahmed Seyd	Μ	10	Silsaw
259	Kasim Seyd	М	7	Silsaw
260	Muktar Seyd	М	4	Silsaw
261	Ahmed Ali	М	35	Silsaw
262	Ibrahim Kemal	Μ	28	Silsaw
263	Toyba Ibrahim	F	30	Silsaw
264	Fatima Muhie	F	25	Silsaw
265	Kedija Mohammed	F	28	Silsaw
266	Ibrahim Hussein	М	7	Silsaw
267	Mohammed Hussein	М	4	Silsaw

268	Hawa Hussein	F	17	Silsaw
269	Kedir Jemal	М	5	Silsaw
270	Yasin Kassa	Μ	65	Silsaw
271	Merema Ahmed	F	30	Silsaw
272	Seyd Hussein	Μ	30	Silsaw
273	Ansha Abrie	F	60	Silsaw
274	Abdu Seyd	Μ	75	Silsaw
275	Zebura Abdu	F	20	Silsaw
276	Dawid Indris	М	40	Silsaw
277	Mohamed Dawid	М	15	Silsaw
278	Seyd Dawid	М	11	Silsaw
279	Jafar Dawid	М	7	Silsaw
280	Kewlet Indris	F	8	Silsaw
281	Toyba Mohammed	F	10	Silsaw
282	Fatima Mohammed	F	7	Silsaw
283	Kasim Mohammed	М	5	Silsaw
284	Amo Mohammed	F	20	Silsaw
285	Ibrahim Abdu	М	30	Silsaw
286	Saada Nuru	F	12	Silsaw
287	Fatima Indris	F	15	Silsaw
288	Mohammed Seyd	М	10	Silsaw
289	Abdet Ahmed	F	18	Silsaw
290	Lubaba Indris	F	6	Silsaw
291	Saada Ahmed	F	15	Silsaw
292	Seyd Ahmed	М	20	Silsaw
293	Hayat Ahmed	F	30	Silsaw
294	Taju Mohammed	М	37	Silsaw

295	Nuru Mohammed	М	15 days	Silsaw
296	Amo Maruf	F	30	Silsaw
297	Kedija Abrie	F	35	Silsaw
298	Toyba Nuru	F	20	Silsaw
299	Ansha Seyd	F	17	Silsaw
300	Birtukan Ahmed	F	10	Silsaw
301	Mohammed Hussein	М	7	Silsaw
302	Fatima Mohammed	F	15	Silsaw
303	Kedija Abdu	F	17	Silsaw
304	Saada Seyd	F	5	Silsaw
305	Ibrahim Mohammed	М	3	Silsaw
306	Merima Mohammed	F	5	Silsaw
307	Kedir Mohammed	М	3	Silsaw
308	Amo Adem	F	50	Silsaw
309	Mohammed Indris	М	75	Silsaw
310	Emebet Yimam	F	90	Silsaw
311	Emebet Ali	F	5	Silsaw
312	Amo Osman	F	20	Silsaw
313	Jemal Awol	М	3	Silsaw
314	Saada Mohammed	F	8	Silsaw
315	Ansha Abubeker	F	25	Silsaw
316	Mohammed Yesuf	М	2	Silsaw
317	Hayat Mohammed	F	2	Silsaw
318	Ahmed Tahir	М	1 month	Silsaw
319	Kemal Seyd	М	90	Silsaw
320	Emebu Hussein	F	17	Silsaw
321	Kewolya Ali	F	15	Silsaw

322	Mubark Hussein	М	10	Silsaw
323	Merema Seyd	F	3	Silsaw
324	Kedija Abdu	F	2	Silsaw
325	Ahmed Seyd	М	85	Silsaw
326	Kedija Ibrahim	F	25	Silsaw
327	Yasin Mohammed Kemal	М	10	Silsaw
328	Zeyneba Hassan	F	15	Silsaw
329	Sirja Ibrahim	F	8	Silsaw
330	Mekin Seyd	М	75	Silsaw
331	Ibrahim Kemal	Μ	35	Silsaw
332	Abdu Mukt	М	50	Silsaw
333	Toyba Mohammed	F	23	Silsaw
334	Fatima Seyd	F	4 months	Silsaw
335	Ansha Ibrahim Yimer	F	60	Silsaw
336	Seyd Hussein	Μ	41	Silsaw
337	Mumina Ibrahim	F	33	Karakore
338	Bilal Jemal	F	4	Karakore
339	Hamza Jemal	Μ	6	Karakore
340	Kelsuma Jemal	F	11	Karakore
341	Zehara Mohammed	F	40	Karakore
342	Bereka Ibrahim	F	8	Karakore
343	Indris Dawid	Μ	32	Karakore
344	Ansha Dawid	F	30	Karakore
345	Zeyneba Ibrahim	F	29	Karakore
346	Ibrahim Hussein	Μ	36	Karakore
347	Sati Ali	F	34	Karakore
348	Hussein Ahmie	М	42	Karakore

349	Abdu Hassan	М	60	Karakore
350	Muhie Yimer	М	42	Karakore
351	Seyd Indris	М	8	Karakore
352	Seyd Yimam	М	80	Karakore
353	Fatie Yimam	F	60	Karakore
354	Ansha Dawid	F	30	Karakore
355	Ahmed Shumetie	Μ	45	Karakore
356	Muntie Hussein	F	80	Karakore
357	Saada Ali	F	30	Karakore
358	Amo Hassan	F	5	Karakore
359	Mohammed Hassan	Μ	50	Karakore
360	Hussein Mohammed	Μ	18	Karakore
361	Kemal Mohammed	Μ	13	Karakore
362	Zeyneba Hassan	F	3	Karakore
363	Fatima Hassan	F	7	Karakore
364	Hayat Awol	F	14	Gutin Sefer
365	Jemal Muhie	Μ	35	Begene
366	Seyd Indris	Μ	50	Begene
367	Seyd Mohammed	Μ	25	Begene
368	Indrie Seyd	Μ	70	Begene
369	Ahmed Yasin	Μ	40	Begene
370	Mohammed Yimam	М	30	Begene
371	Sheikh Hussein Seyd	М	40	Begene
372	Seyd Hussein	Μ	35	Begene
373	Ibrahim Abdu	Μ	5	Begene
374	Abdu Ahmed	М	4	Begene
375	Nuru Seyd	М	12	Begene

376	Mohammed Abdu	М	12	Begene
377	Ahmed Muhie	M	12	-
				Begene
378	Zehara Mohammed	F	50	Begene
379	Fatima Abdu	F	18	Begene
380	Fatima Seyd	F	25	Begene
381	Merema Yesuf	F	70	Begene
382	Toyba Seyd	F	40	Begene
383	Lubaba Ahmed	F	30	Begene
384	Toyba Abdu	F	20	Begene
385	Zeyneba Indris	F	45	Begene
386	Kedija Muhie	F	30	Begene
387	Fatima Muhie	F	40	Begene
388	Hawa Seyd	F	25	Begene
389	Ansha Mohammed	F	40	Begene
390	Aminat Shehu	F	70	Begene
391	Rihana Mohammed	F	30	Begene
392	Bereka Abdurahim	F	7	Begene
393	Kedija Mohammed	F	1	Begene
394	Abidet Awol	F	1	Begene
395	Amo Mohammed	F	12	Begene
396	Fatima Abdu	F	11	Begene
397	Kewlet Abdu	F	5	Begene
398	Amo Hussein	F	7	Begene
399	Kewlet Mohammed	F	6	Begene
400	Fatima Mohammed	F	4	Begene
401	Marif Mohammed	F	3	Begene
402	Toyba Mohammed	F	10	Begene

403	Hayat Ali	F	3	Begene
404	Kerima Indris	F	8	Begene
405	Kewlet Seyd	F	5	Begene
406	Toyba Seyd	F	4	Begene
407	Fatima Abdu Yimer	F	2	Begene
408	Mohammed Yasin	М	40	Karakore
409	Seyd Ibrahim	М	30	Karakore
410	Mohammed Amedie	М	50	Karakore
411	Hassan Ahmed	М	35	Karakore
412	Rihana Hassan	F	10	Karakore
413	Firdeos Hassan	F	4	Karakore
414	Zeyneba Hassan	F	1	Karakore
415	Fatim Mohammed	F	12	Karakore
416	Merema Mohammed	F	15	Karakore
417	Fatima Ali	F	38	Sene
418	Aminat Mohammed	F	16	Sene
419	Aminat Nuru	F	27	Sene
420	Fetiha Seyd	F	7 months	Sene
421	Ibrahim Hussein	М	45	Sene
422	Nuru Muhie	М	38	Sene
423	Hussein Muhie	М	27	Sene
424	Abdu Muhie	М	29	Sene
425	Kemal Hussein	М	30	Sene
426	Ahmed Hassan	Μ	65	Sene
427	Mohammed Nuru	Μ	5	Sene
428	Kerbeh Hunegnaw	М	30	Sene
429	Haile	М	25	Sene

430	Fatima Nuru	F	3	Sene
431	Seyd Abdu	Μ	18	Sene
432	Halima Nuru	F	28	Sene
433	Ali Indris	Μ	21	Sene
434	Mohammed Hussein	М	38	Sene
435	Habtam Ali	М	80	Sene
436	Emahoy	F	90	Sene
437	Demissew	М	40	Sene
438	Abush Ewnetu	М	12	Sene
439	Semira Yimam	F	4	Hayaw
440	Adem Yimam	М	2	Hayaw
441	Sheikh Dawid Chalie	М	40	Hayaw
442	Hawa Indris	F	60	Hayaw
443	Seyd Ali Mustefa	М	55	Hayaw
444	Fatima Mohammed	F	40	Hayaw
445	Ali Mohammed	М	70	Hayaw
446	Hussein Dawid	М	9	Hayaw
447	Halima Indris	F	18	Hayaw
448	Sheikh Ali Mohammed	М	43	Assosa Sefer
449	Abdi Shikur	М	50	Assosa Sefer
450	Ibrahim Muhie	М	80	Assosa Sefer
451	Abdu Ibrahim	М	45	Assosa Sefer
452	Indris Ali	М	28	Assosa Sefer
453	Mohammed Hussein	М	33	Assosa Sefer
454	Hayat Seyd	F	4 months	Chekorsa
455	Imran Dawid	Μ	11 months	Chekorsa

About Amhara Association of America (AAA)

The Amhara Association of America (AAA) is a non-profit civic organization located in Charlotte, North Carolina that investigates and documents human rights atrocities and repression against Amharas in Ethiopia. AAA seeks to inform U.S. policymakers, international human rights organizations, media, and all Ethiopian stakeholders to pressure Ethiopian leaders to change laws, policies, and practices in Ethiopia so perpetrators are held accountable and victims receive justice. AAA also collaborates with Amhara organizations in the U.S., supports independent Amhara organizations in Ethiopia, and provides humanitarian aid for Amharas impacted due to targeted ethnic attacks. AAA's funding comes directly from members and supporters; the organization is not affiliated with any Ethiopian or American political or governmental entities.

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